
UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-QSB

□ QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2005.

or

○ TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number 0-29185

SAVE THE WORLD AIR, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

52-2088326

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

**5125 Lankershim Boulevard
North Hollywood, California 91601**

(Address, including zip code, of principal executive offices)

(818) 487-8000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Exchange Act: None.

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act: Common Stock, \$0.001 par value.

Check whether the Registrant (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

The number of shares of the Registrant's Common Stock outstanding as of June 30, 2005 was 38,755,321 shares.

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format (Check one): Yes No

SAVE THE WORLD AIR, INC.

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Part I

Item 1. Financial Statements

SAVE THE WORLD AIR, INC.
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)

CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS

	<u>June 30, 2005</u> (unaudited)	<u>December 31,</u> 2004
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash	\$ 211,985	\$ 84,826
Other current assets	<u>3,152</u>	<u>2,602</u>
Total current assets	<u>215,137</u>	<u>87,428</u>
Property and equipment , net of accumulated depreciation	<u>31,060</u>	<u>35,596</u>
	<u>\$ 246,197</u>	<u>\$ 123,024</u>

See notes to condensed financial statements.

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	June 30, 2005 (unaudited)	December 31, 2004
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 112,952	\$ 64,089
Accrued expenses	104,739	84,420
Accrued research and development fees	405,722	50,000
Accrued professional fees	894,809	876,452
Payables to related parties	158,733	36,478
Finders fees payable	<u>16,800</u>	<u>1,521</u>
Total current liabilities	<u>1,693,755</u>	<u>1,112,960</u>
Advances from founding executive officer	<u>1,017,208</u>	<u>1,017,208</u>
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders' deficiency		
Common stock, \$.001 par value: 200,000,000 shares authorized, 38,755,321 and 37,784,821 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004, respectively	38,755	37,784
Common stock to be issued	500,000	119,000
Additional paid-in capital	15,966,939	15,043,028
Deferred compensation	—	(76,068)
Deficit accumulated during the development stage	<u>(18,970,460)</u>	<u>(17,130,888)</u>
Total stockholders' deficiency	<u>(2,464,766)</u>	<u>(2,007,144)</u>
	<u>\$ 246,197</u>	<u>\$ 123,024</u>

See notes to condensed financial statements.

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SAVE THE WORLD AIR, INC.

(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)

CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 AND 2004 AND FOR THE PERIOD FROM INCEPTION
(FEBRUARY 18, 1998) TO JUNE 30, 2005

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,		Cumulative since inception
	2005	2004 (as restated)	2005	2004 (as restated)	
Net sales	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Operating expenses	583,880	871,933	1,245,475	1,497,552	14,110,843
Research and development expenses	190,637	1,292,912	592,122	1,402,719	3,245,348
Non-cash patent settlement costs	—	—	—	—	1,610,066
Loss before other income	(774,517)	(2,164,845)	(1,837,597)	(2,900,271)	(18,966,257)
Other income					
Interest income	—	114	—	514	954
Loss before provision for income taxes	(774,517)	(2,164,731)	(1,837,597)	(2,899,757)	(18,965,303)
Provision for income taxes	—	—	1,976	1,000	5,157
Net loss	\$ (774,517)	\$ (2,164,731)	\$ (1,839,573)	\$ (2,900,757)	\$ (18,970,460)
Net loss per share, basic and diluted	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.06)	\$ (0.05)	\$ (0.08)	
Weighted average shares outstanding, basic and diluted	<u>38,528,563</u>	<u>35,230,557</u>	<u>38,283,771</u>	<u>34,687,239</u>	

See notes to condensed financial statements.

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**SAVE THE WORLD AIR, INC.
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)**

**CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY
FROM INCEPTION (FEBRUARY 18, 1998) TO JUNE 30, 2005**

	Price per share	Common Stock		Common stock to be issued	Additional paid-in capital	Deferred compensation	Deficit accumulated during the development stage	Total stockholders' development stage deficiency
		Shares	Amount					
Balance, February 18, 1998 (date of inception)		—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Issuance of common stock on April 18, 1998	.0015-.01	10,030,000	10,030	—	14,270	—	—	24,300
Net loss		—	—	—	—	—	(21,307)	(21,307)
Balance, December 31, 1998		10,030,000	10,030	—	14,270	—	(21,307)	2,993
Issuance of common stock on May 18, 1999	1.00-6.40	198,003	198	—	516,738	—	—	516,936
Issuance of common stock for ZEFS on September 14, 1999	.001	5,000,000	5,000	—	—	—	—	5,000
Stock issued for professional services on May 18, 1999	0.88	69,122	69	—	49,444	—	—	49,513
Net loss		—	—	—	—	—	(1,075,264)	(1,075,264)
Balance, December 31, 1999		15,297,125	15,297	—	580,452	—	(1,096,571)	(500,822)
Stock issued for employee compensation on February 8, 2000	1.03	20,000	20	—	20,580	—	—	20,600
Stock issued for consulting services on February 8, 2000	1.03	100,000	100	—	102,900	—	—	103,000
Stock issued for professional services on April 18, 2000	3.38	27,000	27	—	91,233	—	—	91,260
Stock issued for directors fees on April 18, 2000	3.38	50,000	50	—	168,950	—	—	169,000
Stock issued for professional services on May 19, 2000	4.06	5,000	5	—	20,295	—	—	20,300
Stock issued for directors fees on June 20, 2000	4.44	6,000	6	—	26,634	—	—	26,640
Stock issued for professional services on June 20, 2000	4.44	1,633	2	—	7,249	—	—	7,251
Stock issued for professional services on June 26, 2000	5.31	1,257	1	—	6,674	—	—	6,675
Stock issued for employee compensation on June 26, 2000	5.31	22,000	22	—	116,798	—	—	116,820
Stock issued for consulting services on June 26, 2000	5.31	9,833	10	—	52,203	—	—	52,213
Stock issued for promotional services on July 28, 2000	4.88	9,675	9	—	47,205	—	—	47,214
Stock issued for consulting services on July 28, 2000	4.88	9,833	10	—	47,975	—	—	47,985
Stock issued for consulting services on August 4, 2000	2.13	35,033	35	—	74,585	—	—	74,620
Stock issued for promotional services on August 16, 2000	2.25	25,000	25	—	56,225	—	—	56,250
Stock issued for consulting services on September 5, 2000	2.25	12,833	13	—	28,861	—	—	28,874
Stock issued for consulting services on September 10, 2000	1.50	9,833	10	—	14,740	—	—	14,750
Stock issued for consulting services on November 2, 2000	0.88	9,833	10	—	8,643	—	—	8,653

See notes to condensed financial statements.

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SAVE THE WORLD AIR, INC.
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)

CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY
FROM INCEPTION (FEBRUARY 18, 1998) TO JUNE 30, 2005

	Price per share	Common Stock		Common stock to be issued	Additional paid-in capital	Deferred compensation	Deficit accumulated during the development stage	Total stockholders' development stage deficiency
		Shares	Amount					
Stock issued for consulting services on November 4, 2000	0.88	9,833	10	—	8,643	—	—	8,653
Stock issued for consulting services on December 20, 2000	0.50	19,082	19	—	9,522	—	—	9,541
Stock issued for filing services on December 20, 2000	0.50	5,172	5	—	2,581	—	—	2,586
Stock issued for professional services on December 26, 2000	0.38	12,960	13	—	4,912	—	—	4,925
Other stock issuance on August 24, 2000	2.13	2,000	2	—	4,258	—	—	4,260
Common shares cancelled		(55,000)	(55)	—	(64,245)	—	—	(64,300)
Net loss		—	—	—	—	—	(1,270,762)	(1,270,762)
Balance, December 31, 2000		15,645,935	15,646	—	1,437,873	—	(2,367,333)	(913,814)
Stock issued for consulting services on January 8, 2001	0.31	9,833	10	—	3,038	—	—	3,048
Stock issued for consulting services on February 1, 2001	0.33	9,833	10	—	3,235	—	—	3,245
Stock issued for consulting services on March 1, 2001	0.28	9,833	10	—	2,743	—	—	2,753
Stock issued for legal services on March 13, 2001	0.32	150,000	150	—	47,850	—	—	48,000
Stock issued for consulting services on April 3, 2001	0.25	9,833	10	—	2,448	—	—	2,458
Stock issued for legal services on April 4, 2001	0.25	30,918	31	—	7,699	—	—	7,730
Stock issued for professional services on April 4, 2001	0.25	7,040	7	—	1,753	—	—	1,760
Stock issued for consulting services on April 5, 2001	0.25	132,600	132	—	33,018	—	—	33,150
Stock issued for filing fees on April 30, 2001	1.65	1,233	1	—	2,033	—	—	2,034
Stock issued for filing fees on September 19, 2001	0.85	2,678	2	—	2,274	—	—	2,276
Stock issued for professional services on September 28, 2001	0.62	150,000	150	—	92,850	—	—	93,000
Stock issued for directors services on October 5, 2001	0.60	100,000	100	—	59,900	—	—	60,000
Stock issued for legal services on October 17, 2001	0.60	11,111	11	—	6,655	—	—	6,666
Stock issued for consulting services on October 18, 2001	0.95	400,000	400	—	379,600	—	—	380,000
Stock issued for consulting services on October 19, 2001	1.25	150,000	150	—	187,350	—	—	187,500
Stock issued for exhibit fees on October 22, 2001	1.35	5,000	6	—	6,745	—	—	6,751
Stock issued for directors services on November 2, 2001	0.95	1,000,000	1,000	—	949,000	—	—	950,000
Stock issued for consulting services on November 7, 2001	0.85	20,000	20	—	16,980	—	—	17,000

See notes to condensed financial statements.

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SAVE THE WORLD AIR, INC.
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)

CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY
FROM INCEPTION (FEBRUARY 18, 1998) TO JUNE 30, 2005

	Price per share	Common Stock		Common stock to be issued	Additional paid-in capital	Deferred compensation	Deficit accumulated during the development stage	Total stockholders' development stage deficiency
		Shares	Amount					
Stock issued for consulting services on November 20, 2001	0.98	43,000	43	—	42,097	—	—	42,140
Stock issued for consulting services on November 27, 2001	0.98	10,000	10	—	9,790	—	—	9,800
Stock issued for consulting services on November 28, 2001	0.98	187,000	187	—	183,073	—	—	183,260
Intrinsic value of options issued to employees	—	—	—	—	2,600,000	(2,600,000)	—	—
Fair value of options issued to non-employees for services	—	—	—	—	142,318	—	—	142,318
Amortization of deferred compensation	—	—	—	—	—	191,667	—	191,667
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	(2,735,013)	(2,735,013)
Balance, December 31, 2001		18,085,847	18,086	—	6,220,322	(2,408,333)	(5,102,346)	(1,272,271)
Stock issued for directors services on December 10, 2002	0.40	2,150,000	2,150	—	857,850	—	—	860,000
Common stock paid for, but not issued (2,305,000 shares)	0.15-0.25	—	—	389,875	—	—	—	389,875
Fair value of options issued to non-employees for services	—	—	—	—	54,909	(54,909)	—	—
Amortization of deferred compensation	—	—	—	—	—	891,182	—	891,182
Net loss for the year ended December 31, 2002	—	—	—	—	—	—	(2,749,198)	(2,749,198)
Balance, December 31, 2002		20,235,847	20,236	389,875	7,133,081	(1,572,060)	(7,851,544)	(1,880,412)
Common stock issued, previously paid for	0.15	1,425,000	1,425	(213,750)	212,325	—	—	—
Common stock issued, previously paid for	0.25	880,000	880	(220,000)	219,120	—	—	—
Stock issued for cash on March 20, 2003	0.25	670,000	670	—	166,830	—	—	167,500
Stock issued for cash on April 4, 2003	0.25	900,000	900	—	224,062	—	—	224,962
Stock issued for cash on April 8, 2003	0.25	100,000	100	—	24,900	—	—	25,000
Stock issued for cash on May 8, 2003	0.25	1,150,000	1,150	—	286,330	—	—	287,480
Stock issued for cash on June 16, 2003	0.25	475,000	475	—	118,275	—	—	118,750
Stock issued for legal services on June 27, 2003	0.55	83,414	83	—	45,794	—	—	45,877
Debt converted to stock on June 27, 2003	0.25	2,000,000	2,000	—	498,000	—	—	500,000
Stock and warrants issued for cash on July 11, 2003	0.25	519,000	519	—	129,231	—	—	129,750
Stock and warrants issued for cash on September 29, 2003	0.25	1,775,000	1,775	—	441,976	—	—	443,751
Stock and warrants issued for cash on October 21, 2003	0.25	1,845,000	1,845	—	459,405	—	—	461,250
Stock and warrants issued for cash on October 28, 2003	0.25	1,570,000	1,570	—	390,930	—	—	392,500

See notes to condensed financial statements.

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SAVE THE WORLD AIR, INC.
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)

CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY
FROM INCEPTION (FEBRUARY 18, 1998) TO JUNE 30, 2005

	Price per share	Common Stock		Common stock to be issued	Additional paid-in capital	Deferred compensation	Deficit accumulated during the development stage	Total stockholders' development stage deficiency
		Shares	Amount					
Stock and warrants issued for cash on November 19, 2003	0.25	500,000	500	—	124,500	—	—	125,000
Finders' fees related to stock issuances	—	—	—	43,875	(312,582)	—	—	(268,707)
Common stock paid for, but not issued (25,000 shares)	0.25	—	—	6,250	—	—	—	6,250
Amortization of deferred comp	—	—	—	—	—	863,727	—	863,727
Net loss for year ended December 31, 2003	—	—	—	—	—	—	(2,476,063)	(2,476,063)
Balance, December 31, 2003		34,128,261	34,128	6,250	10,162,177	(708,333)	(10,327,607)	(833,385)
Common stock issued, previously paid for	0.25	25,000	25	(6,250)	6,225	—	—	—
Stock issued for director services on March 31, 2004	1.50	50,000	50	—	74,950	—	—	75,000
Stock issued for finders fees on March 31, 2004	0.15	82,500	82	—	12,293	—	—	12,375
Stock issued for finders fees on March 31, 2004	0.25	406,060	407	—	101,199	—	—	101,606
Stock issued for services on April 2, 2004	1.53	65,000	65	—	99,385	—	—	99,450
Debt converted to stock on April 2, 2004	1.53	60,000	60	—	91,740	—	—	91,800
Stock issued upon exercise of warrants on May 21, 2004	0.20	950,000	950	—	189,050	—	—	190,000
Stock issued for directors services on June 8, 2004	1.70	600,000	600	—	1,019,400	—	—	1,020,000
Stock issued for cash on August 25, 2004	1.00	550,000	550	—	549,450	—	—	550,000
Stock issued upon exercise of options on August 30, 2004	0.40	4,000	4	—	1,596	—	—	1,600
Stock issued for cash on September 8, 2004	1.00	25,000	25	—	24,975	—	—	25,000
Stock issued for consulting services on September 15, 2004	1.31	50,000	49	—	65,451	—	—	65,500
Stock issued for patent settlement on September 22, 2004	1.24	20,000	20	—	24,780	—	—	24,800
Stock issued for research and development on October 6, 2004	1.40	65,000	65	—	90,935	—	—	91,000
Stock issued for cash on October 6, 2004	1.00	25,000	25	—	24,975	—	—	25,000
Stock issued for cash on October 15, 2004	1.00	150,000	150	—	149,850	—	—	150,000
Stock issued upon exercise of stock options on October 21, 2004	0.40	6,500	6	—	2,594	—	—	2,600
Stock issued for cash on November 3, 2004	1.00	25,000	25	—	24,975	—	—	25,000
Stock issued for cash on November 18, 2004	1.00	172,500	173	—	172,327	—	—	172,500
Stock issued for cash on December 9, 2004	1.00	75,000	75	—	74,925	—	—	75,000
Stock issued for cash on December 23, 2004	1.00	250,000	250	—	249,750	—	—	250,000
Finders fees related to stock issuances	—	—	—	—	(88,384)	—	—	(88,384)

See notes to condensed financial statements.

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SAVE THE WORLD AIR, INC.
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)

CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY
FROM INCEPTION (FEBRUARY 18, 1998) TO JUNE 30, 2005

	Price per share	Common Stock Shares	Common Stock Amount	Common stock to be issued	Additional paid-in capital	Deferred compensation	Deficit accumulated during the development stage	Total stockholders' development stage deficiency
Common stock paid for, but not issued (119,000 shares)	—	—	—	119,000	—	—	—	119,000
Intrinsic value of options issued to employees	—	—	—	—	248,891	(248,891)	—	—
Fair value of options issued to non-employees for services	—	—	—	—	55,381	(55,381)	—	—
Fair value of warrants issued for settlement costs	—	—	—	—	1,585,266	—	—	1,585,266
Fair value of warrants issued to non-employees for services	—	—	—	—	28,872	—	—	28,872
Amortization of deferred compensation	—	—	—	—	—	936,537	—	936,537
Net loss for year ended December 31, 2004	—	—	—	—	—	—	(6,803,280)	(6,803,280)
Balance, December 31, 2004		37,784,821	37,784	119,000	15,043,028	(76,068)	(17,130,887)	(2,007,143)
Common stock issued, previously paid for	1.00	50,000	50	(50,000)	49,950	—	—	—
Stock issued upon exercise of warrants, previously paid for	1.00	50,000	50	(50,000)	49,950	—	—	—
Stock issued for cash on January 20, 2005	1.00	25,000	25	—	24,975	—	—	25,000
Stock issued upon exercise of warrants on January 31, 2005	0.40	500	1	—	199	—	—	200
Stock issued for cash on February 17, 2005	1.00	325,000	325	—	324,675	—	—	325,000
Stock issued for cash on March 31, 2005	1.00	215,000	215	—	214,785	—	—	215,000
Stock issued for cash on May 17, 2005	1.00	5,000	5	—	4,995	—	—	5,000
Stock issued for cash on June 7, 2005	1.00	300,000	300	—	299,700	—	—	300,000
Common stock paid for, but not issued (481,000 shares)	—	—	—	481,000	—	—	—	481,000
Finders fees related to stock issuances	—	—	—	—	(95,280)	—	—	(95,280)
Fair value of options issued for settlement costs	—	—	—	—	31,500	—	—	31,500
Fair value of warrants issued for settlement costs	—	—	—	—	4,957	—	—	4,957
Fair value of warrants issued to non-employees for services	—	—	—	—	13,505	—	—	13,505
Amortization of deferred compensation	—	—	—	—	—	76,068	—	76,068
Net loss for six months ended June 30, 2005	—	—	—	—	—	—	(1,839,573)	(1,839,573)
Balance, June 30, 2005 (unaudited)		38,755,321	\$ 38,755	\$ 500,000	\$15,966,939	\$ —	\$ (18,970,460)	\$ (2,464,766)

See notes to condensed financial statements.

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SAVE THE WORLD AIR, INC.

(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)

CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)
SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 AND 2004 AND FOR THE
PERIOD FROM INCEPTION (FEBRUARY 18, 1998) TO
JUNE 30, 2005

	June 30, 2005	June 30, 2004 (as restated)	Cumulative since inception
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net loss	\$(1,839,573)	\$(2,900,757)	\$(18,970,460)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:			
Write off of intangible assets	—	—	505,000
Fair value of options issued for services	—	—	171,190
Issuance of common stock for services	—	1,271,250	5,280,623
Issuance of options for legal settlement	31,500	—	31,500
Issuance of warrants for legal settlement	4,957	—	4,957
Issuance of warrants for services	13,505	—	13,505
Patent acquisition cost	—	—	1,610,066
Amortization of deferred compensation	76,068	501,067	2,959,181
Depreciation	4,536	4,066	18,953
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Prepaid expenses and other	(550)	—	(3,152)
Income taxes payable	—	1,000	—
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	<u>363,261</u>	<u>172,241</u>	<u>1,152,757</u>
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(1,346,296)</u>	<u>(951,132)</u>	<u>(7,225,880)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of property and equipment	<u>—</u>	<u>(4,680)</u>	<u>(46,463)</u>
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>—</u>	<u>(4,680)</u>	<u>(46,463)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities			
Increase (decrease) in payables to related parties	122,255	(21,425)	670,183
Advances from founding executive officer	—	—	517,208
Issuance of common stock for cash	870,200	190,000	5,796,937
Common stock issuable	<u>481,000</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>500,000</u>
Net cash provided by financing activities	<u>1,473,455</u>	<u>168,575</u>	<u>7,484,328</u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash	127,159	(787,237)	211,985
Cash, beginning of period	<u>84,826</u>	<u>926,052</u>	<u>—</u>
Cash, end of period	\$ <u>211,985</u>	\$ <u>138,815</u>	\$ <u>211,985</u>

See notes to condensed financial statements.

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SAVE THE WORLD AIR, INC.

(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)

CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS — Continued (UNAUDITED)
SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 AND 2004 AND FOR THE
PERIOD FROM INCEPTION (FEBRUARY 18, 1998) TO
JUNE 30, 2005

	June 30, 2005	June 30, 2004	Cumulative since inception
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information			
Cash paid during the year for			
Interest	\$ —	\$ 908	\$ 5,701
Income taxes	\$ 1,976	\$ —	\$ 5,157
Non-cash investing and financing activities			
Acquisition of intangible asset through advance from related party and issuance of common stock	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 505,000
Deferred compensation for stock options issued for services	—	304,272	2,959,181
Purchase of property and equipment financed by advance from related party	—	—	3,550
Conversion of related party debt to equity	—	15,000	515,000
Issuance of common stock in settlement of payable	—	113,981	113,981
Common stock, previously paid for	100,000	6,250	100,000
Finders fees accrued for issuance of common stock	95,280	—	496,246

See notes to condensed financial statements.

SAVE THE WORLD AIR, INC.

(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)

**NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (UNAUDITED)**

1. Organization and basis of presentation

Basis of presentation

The accompanying interim condensed financial statements are unaudited, but in the opinion of management of Save the World Air, Inc. (the Company), contain all adjustments, which include normal recurring adjustments, necessary to present fairly the financial position at June 30, 2005, the results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2005 and 2004, and cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2005 and 2004. The balance sheet as of December 31, 2004 is derived from the Company's audited financial statements.

Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission, although management of the Company believes that the disclosures contained in these financial statements are adequate to make the information presented therein not misleading. For further information, refer to the financial statements and the notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expense during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The results of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2005 are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations to be expected for the full fiscal year ending December 31, 2005.

SAVE THE WORLD AIR, INC.

(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — Continued
SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 3005 (UNAUDITED)

1. Organization and basis of presentation — continued

Description of business

Save the World Air, Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated in Nevada on February 18, 1998 under the name Mandalay Capital Corp. The Company changed its name to Save the World Air, Inc. on February 11, 1999 following the purchase of the worldwide exclusive manufacturing, marketing and distribution rights for the ZEFS device. The ZEFS is a device, which is fitted to an internal combustion engine and is expected to reduce carbon monoxide hydrocarbons and nitrous oxide emissions. During the past three years, the Company has been acquiring new technologies, developing prototype products using the Company's technologies and conducting scientific tests regarding the technologies and prototype products. In 2003, the Company acquired worldwide intellectual property and patent rights to technologies which reduce carbon monoxide, hydrocarbons and nitrous oxide emissions in two- and four-stroke motorcycles, fuel-injection engines, generators and small engines. The Company has also developed prototype products and named them "CAT-MATE".

Development stage enterprise

The Company is a development stage enterprise as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 7, "Accounting and Reporting by Development Stage Enterprises." All losses accumulated since the inception of the Company have been considered as part of the Company's development stage activities.

The Company's focus is on research and development of proprietary devices that are designed to reduce harmful emissions, and improve fuel efficiency and engine performance on equipment and vehicles driven by internal combustion engines and has not yet generated any revenues. The prototype devices are called "ZEFS" and "CAT-MATE." The Company has put forth efforts to complete the design, the development of production models and the promotion of products in the market place worldwide. Expenses have been funded through the sale of company stock. The Company has taken actions to secure the intellectual property rights to the ZEFS and CAT-MATE devices. In addition, the Company has initiated marketing efforts to international governmental entities in cooperation with the United Nations Environmental Programme (UNEP) and various original equipment manufacturers (OEMs), to eventually sell or license the ZEFS and CAT-MATE products and technology.

SAVE THE WORLD AIR, INC.

(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — Continued
SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (UNAUDITED)

2. Net loss per share

Basic earnings (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income (loss) available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share reflects the potential dilution, using the treasury stock method, that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock or resulted in the issuance of common stock that then shared in the earnings of the Company. In computing diluted earnings per share, the treasury stock method assumes that outstanding options and warrants are exercised and the proceeds are used to purchase common stock at the average market price during the period. Options and warrants will have a dilutive effect under the treasury stock method only when the average market price of the common stock during the period exceeds the exercise price of the options and warrants. For the six months ended June 30, 2005 and 2004, the dilutive impact of outstanding stock options of 14,452,652 and 14,422,652 respectively, and 16,433,914 and 13,167,414 warrants have been excluded because their impact on the loss per share is antidilutive.

3. Recent accounting pronouncements

In November 2004, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 151, "Inventory Costs". This Statement amends the guidance in ARB No. 43 Chapter 4 Inventory Pricing, to require items such as idle facility costs, excessive spoilage, double freight and rehandling costs to be expensed in the current period, regardless if they are abnormal amounts or not. This Statement will become effective for us in the first quarter of 2006. The adoption of SFAS No. 151 is not expected to have a material impact on our financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows.

In December 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 123 (revised 2004), "Share-Based Payment" (SFAS 123R), which revises SFAS No. 123. SFAS 123R also supersedes APB No. 25 and amends SFAS No. 95, "Statement of Cash Flows". In general, the accounting required by SFAS 123R is similar to that of SFAS No. 123. However, SFAS No. 123 gave companies a choice to either recognize the fair value of stock options in their income statements or disclose the pro forma income statement effect of the fair value of stock options in the notes to the financial statements. SFAS 123R eliminates that choice and requires the fair value of all share-based payments to employees, including the fair value of grants of employee stock options, be recognized in the income statement, generally over the option vesting period. SFAS 123R must be adopted no later than the first interim or annual reporting period of the first fiscal year that begins on or after June 15, 2005 by non-small business issuers (or by the first fiscal year that begins after December 15, 2005 for small business issuers). Early adoption is permitted.

SAVE THE WORLD AIR, INC.

(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — Continued
SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (UNAUDITED)

3. Recent accounting pronouncements — continued

The Company is currently evaluating the timing and manner in which it will adopt SFAS 123R. As permitted by SFAS 123, the Company currently accounts for share-based payments to employees using APB 25's intrinsic value method. Accordingly, adoption of SFAS 123R's fair value method will have an effect on results of operations, although it will have no impact on overall financial position. The impact of adoption of SFAS 123R cannot be predicted at this time because it will depend on levels of share-based payments granted in the future. SFAS 123R also requires the benefits of tax deductions in excess of recognized compensation cost to be reported as a financing cash flow, rather than as an operating cash flow as currently required, thereby reducing net operating cash flows and increasing net financing cash flows in periods after adoption.

4. Certain relationships and related transactions

Advances from founding executive officer

All of the marketing and manufacturing rights for the ZEFS were acquired from Mr. Muller, for 5,000,000 shares of common stock, \$500,000 and a \$10 royalty for each unit sold (see discussion below), pursuant to the Agreement entered into in December 1998, by and between the Company and Mr. Muller. Working capital advances in the amount of \$517,208 and payment in the amount of \$500,000 for marketing and distribution rights of the ZEFS are due to Mr. Muller. Such amounts are interest free and do not have any due dates for payment.

In January 2000, the Company entered into an agreement offering Mr. Muller and Lynne Muller, Mr. Muller's wife, the option to purchase 5,000,000 shares each at \$0.10 per share as consideration for work performed for the Company. Mrs. Muller subsequently transferred her option to Mr. Muller.

SAVE THE WORLD AIR, INC.

(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — Continued
SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (UNAUDITED)

4. Certain relationships and related transactions — continued

Advances from founding executive officer — continued

In connection with the Company's legal proceedings against Mr. Muller (see Note 8), the Company is attempting to obtain a judgment that will relieve the Company of \$1,017,208, which represents all amounts due Mr. Muller. These amounts include the \$500,000 due for the marketing and distribution rights of the ZEFS and the working capital advances of \$517,208. The Company has been relieved of the \$10 royalty interest that Mr. Muller held for each unit sold. In addition, the Company is also attempting to obtain a judgment that will divest and prevent any subsequent holders of the right to exercise options previously held by Mr. Muller for 10,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock. Based on the status of current legal proceedings, the Company does not believe that it will have to pay Mr. Muller the \$500,000 for the rights to the ZEFS device and the \$517,208 of advances. The Company has not made any adjustments for the above in its financial statements as the matters have not yet been finalized.

Due to related parties

Masry & Vitioe, a law firm in which Edward Masry, the Company's Chief Executive Officer, is a partner, has advanced \$158,733 and \$36,478 as of June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004, respectively, to the Company for working capital purposes. Advances by Masry and Vitioe were unsecured, non-interest bearing, and were due on demand. In April 2004, the Company issued 60,000 shares of common stock to convert \$15,000 of an outstanding loan made to the Company by the wife of Edward Masry. The shares issued were valued at the current market price at the date of issuance of \$91,800 resulting in additional charge to expense of \$76,800, which was reflected as consulting expense in the financial statements for the six months ended June 30, 2004.

SAVE THE WORLD AIR, INC.

(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — Continued
SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (UNAUDITED)

5. Capital stock

Sale of equity securities

During the six months ended June 30, 2005, the Company sold 970,500 units of common stock, of which 920,000 units consist of one share of common stock and one warrant to acquire a share of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.50 per share, for net proceeds of \$870,200. The 920,000 warrants were issued to investors as part of an equity agreement and were not ascribed any value in the accompanying financial statements. See Note 10 for information about sales of additional units.

In addition, the Company sold 481,000 units of common stock, of which 456,000 consist of one share of common stock and one warrant to acquire a share of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.50 per share, for net proceeds of \$481,000. The 456,000 warrants were issued to investors as part of an equity agreement and were not ascribed any value in the accompanying financial statements. As of June 30, 2005 the shares were not issued but the funds were received, and have been reflected as common stock issuable.

During the six months ended June 30, 2005, the Company issued 100,000 shares (of which 50,000 relates to the exercise of warrants) of common stock for which payment was previously received.

Options

During the six months ended June 30, 2005, 30,000 options were awarded to Terracourt Pty., Ltd. for settlement of a claim (see Note 8).

Warrants

During the six months ended June 30, 2005, the Company issued 10,000 warrants to an individual for settlement of a claim. The Company also issued 25,000 warrants to an individual in exchange for consulting services rendered. The warrants were valued at an aggregate amount of \$18,462 using the Black Scholes pricing model and have been reflected in the accompanying statement of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2005.

SAVE THE WORLD AIR, INC.

(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — Continued
SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (UNAUDITED)

5. Capital stock — continued

Intrinsic value of employee options

During the years ended December 31, 2004 and prior, certain employee options were granted with exercise prices less than fair market value of the Company's stock at the date of grant. As the grants were to employees, the intrinsic value method, as allowed under APB No. 25, was used to calculate the related compensation expense. For the six months ended June 30, 2005, no employee options were granted and \$76,068 and \$501,068 of deferred compensation costs was amortized and recognized as expense in the six months ended June 30, 2005 and 2004 respectively.

6. Research and development

The Company has established a research and development facility in Queensland, Australia. The Company has expanded research and development to include applications of the ZEFS and CAT-MATE technology to diesel engines, motorbikes, boats, generators, lawnmowers and other small engines. The Company has also purchased test vehicles, test engines and testing equipment. The Company completed testing on ZEFS and CAT-MATE devices for multiple automobiles, trucks, motorcycles, off-road vehicles and stationary engines, the results of which have been provided to RAND Corporation (RAND) for evaluation. During 2004, RAND expanded its role with the Company and now oversees the Company's research and development facility in Australia. The Company also uses third party research and development facilities in Los Angeles and San Jose, California for the development of our ZEFS and CAT-MATE devices. For the six months ended June 30, 2005 and 2004, the Company has spent \$592,122 and \$1,402,719, respectively, on research and development.

7. Going concern

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the settlement of liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business. As reflected in the accompanying financial statements, the Company had a net loss of \$1,839,573 and a negative cash flow from operations of \$1,346,296 for the six months ended June 30, 2005, and had a working capital deficiency of \$1,478,618 and a stockholders' deficiency of \$2,464,766 at June 30, 2005. These factors raise substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent on the Company's ability to raise additional funds and implement its business plan. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary if the Company is unable to continue as a going concern.

SAVE THE WORLD AIR, INC.

(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — Continued
SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (UNAUDITED)

8. Commitments and contingencies

Legal matters

On December 19, 2001, the SEC filed civil charges in the United States Federal District Court, Southern District of New York, against its former President and then sole director Jeffrey A. Muller, and others, alleging that the Company and the other defendants were engaged in a fraudulent scheme to promote the Company's stock. The SEC complaint alleged the existence of a promotional campaign using press releases, Internet postings, an elaborate website, and televised media events to disseminate false and materially misleading information as part of a fraudulent scheme to manipulate the market for stock for the Company, which was then controlled by Mr. Muller. On March 22, 2002, the Company signed a Consent to Final Judgment of Permanent Injunction and Other Relief in settlement of this action as against the corporation only, which the court approved on July 2, 2002. Under this settlement, the Company was not required to admit fault and did not pay any fines or restitution. The SEC's charges of fraud and stock manipulation continue against Mr. Muller and others.

On July 2, 2002, after an investigation by the Company's newly constituted board of directors, the Company filed a cross-complaint in the SEC action against Mr. Muller and others seeking injunctive relief, disgorgement of monies and stock and financial restitution for a variety of acts and omissions in connection with sales of the Company's stock and other transactions occurring between 1998 and 2002. Among other things, the Company alleged that Mr. Muller and certain others sold company stock without providing adequate consideration to the Company; sold insider shares without making proper disclosures and failed to make necessary filings required under federal securities laws; engaged in self-dealing and entered into various undisclosed related-party transactions; misappropriated for their own use proceeds from sales of the Company's stock; and entered into various undisclosed arrangements regarding the control, voting and disposition of their stock. The Company contends that it is entitled to a judgment canceling all of the approximately 8,716,710 shares of the Company's common stock that were previously obtained and controlled, directly or indirectly, by Mr. Muller; divesting and preventing any subsequent holders of the right to exercise options previously held by Mr. Muller for 10,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock, conversion of an existing preliminary injunction to a permanent injunction to prevent Mr. Muller from any involvement with the Company and a monetary judgment against Mr. Muller and others in the amount of several million dollars.

SAVE THE WORLD AIR, INC.

(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — Continued
SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (UNAUDITED)

8. Commitments and contingencies — continued

Legal matters — continued

On July 30, 2002, the U.S. Federal District Court, Southern District of New York, granted the Company's application for a preliminary injunction against Mr. Muller and others, which prevented Mr. Muller and other cross-defendants from selling, transferring, or encumbering any assets and property previously acquired from the Company, from selling or transferring any of the Company's stock that they may own or control, or from taking any action to injure the business and from having any direct contact with the Company's shareholders. The injunctive order also prevents Mr. Muller from engaging in any effort to exercise control over the Company and from serving as an officer or director of the Company. The Company believes that it has valid claims; however, there can be no assurance that an adverse result or settlement would not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position or cash flow.

In the course of the litigation, the Company has obtained ownership control over Mr. Muller's claimed patent rights to the ZEFS device. Under a Buy-Sell Agreement between Mr. Muller and the Company dated December 29, 1998, Mr. Muller, who was listed on the ZEFS device patent application as the inventor of the ZEFS device, purported to grant us all international marketing, manufacturing and distribution rights to the ZEFS device. Those rights were disputed because an original inventor of the ZEFS device contested Mr. Muller's legal ability to have conveyed those rights.

In Australia, Mr. Muller entered into a bankruptcy action seeking to overcome the Company's claims for ownership of the ZEFS device. In conjunction with these litigation proceedings, a settlement agreement was reached whereby the \$10 per unit royalty previously due to Mr. Muller under his contested Buy-Sell Agreement was terminated and replaced with a \$.20 per unit royalty payable to the bankruptcy trustee. On November 7, 2002, under a settlement agreement executed with the Mr. Muller's bankruptcy trustee, the trustee transferred to the Company all ownership and legal rights to this international patent application for the ZEFS device.

Both the SEC and the Company have filed Motions for Summary Judgment contending that there are no material issues of fact in contention and as a matter of law, the Court should grant a judgment against Mr. Muller and the cross-defendants. Mr. Muller has filed a response contending the motions are without merit or substance. A final decision on these motions, which potentially would terminate the ongoing litigation, is still pending. Should the Court not grant summary judgment in favor of the Company, the case will be scheduled for final disposition in a trial.

SAVE THE WORLD AIR, INC.

(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — Continued
SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (UNAUDITED)

8. Commitments and contingencies — continued

Legal matters — continued

Mr. Muller and several of the defendants filed a Motion to Dismiss the complaint filed by the Company and moved for summary judgment in their favor. On December 21, 2004, Judge George B. Daniels denied the cross-defendants' motion to dismiss the Company's cross-complaint, denied the request to vacate the July 2, 2002 preliminary injunction and denied the request for damages against the Company. The court also refused to grant a summary judgment in favor of the cross-defendants and dismissed Mr. Muller's claims against the Company for indemnification for his legal costs and for damages resulting from the litigation. Neither Mr. Muller nor any of the cross-defendants have filed any cross-claims against the Company and the Company is not exposed to any liability as a result of the litigation, except for possibly incurring legal fees and expenses should the Company lose the litigation.

Although the outcome of this litigation cannot be predicted with any degree of certainty, the Company is optimistic that the Court's ruling will either significantly narrow the issues for any later trial or will result in a final disposition of the case in a manner favorable to the Company. The Company believes that they have valid claims; however, there can be no assurance that an adverse result or outcome on the pending motions or a trial of this case would not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position or cash flow.

In April 2005, Jeffrey A. Muller, the Company's former sole director and executive officer, filed a lawsuit in the Federal District Court for the Central District of California, seeking declaratory and injunctive relief and alleging unfair competition in connection with a claimed prior patent interest in the ZEFS device and stock option rights. In seeking declaratory relief, Mr. Muller is seeking to have the patent rights in the ZEFS device that were previously transferred to the Company by Mr. Muller's bankruptcy trustee declared null and void.

SAVE THE WORLD AIR, INC.

(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — Continued
SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (UNAUDITED)

8. Commitments and contingencies — continued

Legal matters — continued

This recent lawsuit brought by Mr. Muller arises out of the same claims that are the subject of ongoing litigation in the Federal District Court for the Southern District of New York, in which the Company has previously obtained a preliminary injunction against Mr. Muller barring him from any involvement with the Company and preventing Mr. Muller, his agents or assigns, from exercising any claimed rights to the Company's assets or stock. Mr. Muller previously filed the same complaint in the Federal District Court for the Southern District of New York, which claim is pending dismissal. On December 28, 2004, Federal District Court Judge George B. Daniels issued a decision dismissing motions filed by Mr. Muller against the Company's cross-claims. The dismissal of those motions involved similar causes of action as those contained in Mr. Muller's recent lawsuit commenced in the Federal District Court for the Central District of California. Since the case in New York is still pending, the filing of the new lawsuit in California is subject to various defenses which should result in the dismissal of the new lawsuit.

The Company intends to vigorously defend against any bifurcation of the lawsuit that is ongoing in New York and will move to dismiss and/or to transfer the recently filed complaint to Judge Daniels in New York for any eventual decision. While the Company believes that it has valid claims, there can be no assurance that an adverse result or outcome on the pending motions or a trial of this case would not have a material adverse effect on the financial position or cash flow of the Company.

The Company was named as a defendant in a complaint filed before the Los Angeles Superior Court, Civ. No. BC 312401, by Terracourt Pty Ltd, an Australian corporation ("Terracourt"), claiming breach of contract and related remedies from promises allegedly made by the former president of the Company in 1999. Terracourt sought specific performance of the former president's alleged promises to transfer to Terracourt an aggregate 480,000 shares of the Company's common stock for office consultant and multimedia services. The complaint was filed on March 18, 2004. Terracourt also filed a Statement of Damages seeking costs of the lawsuit and general damages of \$2 million. The case proceeded to trial in the Los Angeles Superior Court in May, 2005. In June, 2005, the Judge issued a statement of decision which denied Terracourt's claims for 450,000 shares of stock, monetary damages, and costs of the lawsuit. The Court also ruled that Terracourt was entitled to receive an option exercisable for 30,000 shares of the Company's common stock, exercisable at \$.001 per share (par value). Both parties have filed motions for a new trial on the issue of the opinion. The Court is expected to rule on these motions on or before the end of September, 2005.

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SAVE THE WORLD AIR, INC.

(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — Continued
SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (UNAUDITED)

9. Restatement

During the year ended December 31, 2004, the Company discovered an error in the previously reported June 30, 2004 financial statements related to the valuation of shares issued for services and options granted to employees and non-employees. These financial statements reflect the correction of the error in the June 30, 2004 amounts. The correction of this error resulted in an increase in net loss of \$960,599, an increase additional paid in capital of \$977,070 and an increase in deferred compensation of \$18,352.

The effect of this restatement on the June 30, 2004 financial statement is as follows:

	As previously reported Three months ended June 30, 2004	Restated	As previously reported Six months ended June 30, 2004	Restated
Net loss	\$ 1,163,588	\$ 2,164,731	\$ 1,940,158	\$ 2,900,757
Paid in capital	\$ 11,083,621	\$12,060,691	\$ 11,083,621	\$12,060,691
Loss per share	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.08

10. Subsequent events

Subsequent to June 30, 2005, the Company sold an additional 199,500 units, consisting of one share of common stock and one warrant to acquire common stock at \$1.50 per share for \$199,500 gross proceeds (\$183,540 net proceeds) in a private offering of securities. The Company completed this offering on July 22, 2005. Upon completion of the offering, the Company extended the expiration date of all warrants issued in the offering by an additional 180 days. The Company did not receive any additional consideration for this extension.

In July 2005, the Company entered into an employment agreement with an individual to serve as a Vice President of Operations for the Company. The agreement expires December 31, 2005, with an automatic one-year extension and provides for annual base compensation of not less than \$120,000 per year. During the employment term, the individual is eligible to participate in certain incentive plans, stock option plans and similar arrangements in accordance with the Company's recommendations at award levels consistent and commensurate with the position and duties hereunder.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operations

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB contains forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements include predictions regarding our future:

- revenues and profits;
- customers;
- research and development expenses and efforts;
- scientific test results;
- sales and marketing expenses and efforts;
- liquidity and sufficiency of existing cash;
- pending and future financings;
- technology and products;
- the outcome of pending or threatened litigation; and
- the effect of recent accounting pronouncements on our financial condition and results of operations.

You can identify these and other forward-looking statements by the use of words such as "may," "will," "expects," "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "continues," or the negative of such terms, or other comparable terminology. Forward-looking statements also include the assumptions underlying or relating to any of the foregoing statements.

Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of various factors, including those set forth elsewhere in this Report and under the heading "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2004. All forward-looking statements included in this document are based on information available to us on the date hereof. We assume no obligation to update any forward-looking statements.

Overview

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the Financial Statements and notes thereto included in Part I, Item 1 of this Form 10-QSB and the Financial Statements and notes thereto contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004.

We are a development stage company that has not yet generated revenues. The company's focus is on research and development of proprietary devices that are designed to reduce harmful emissions, and improve fuel efficiency and engine performance on equipment and vehicles driven by internal combustion engines. Our prototype devices are called "ZEFS" and "CAT-MATE." We have devoted the bulk of our efforts to the completion of the design, the development of our production models and the promotion of our products in the market place worldwide. Expenses have been funded through the sale of company stock. We have taken actions to secure our intellectual property rights to the ZEFS and CAT-MATE devices.

During the second quarter of 2005, certain developments occurred which we hope will expedite our transition from research and development into production and marketing.

We are continuing our marketing efforts to international governmental entities in cooperation with UNEP and various original equipment manufacturers (OEMs), to eventually sell or license our ZEFS and CAT-MATE products and technology. We anticipate that these efforts will continue during 2005 and that we will begin selling our devices by late 2005. We do not envision generating significant revenue in 2005. We will need to raise additional capital during 2005 to fund our research and development efforts and other expenses. See "Liquidity and Capital Resources" below.

Results of Operations

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To date, we have not generated any revenues and our business continues in the development stage. We have focused our efforts on verifying and developing our technologies and devices and commencing marketing efforts for their license or sale. We expect to begin selling our devices in late 2005.

General and administrative expenses were \$583,880 for the three-month period ended June 30, 2005, compared to \$871,933 for the three-month period ended June 30, 2004, a decrease of \$288,053. This decrease is primarily attributable to a decrease in non-cash amortization of deferred compensation and consulting fees, professional fees and travel expenses, partially offset by an increase in corporate expenses.

General and administrative expenses were \$1,245,475 for the six-month period ended June 30, 2005, compared to \$1,497,552 for the six-month period ended June 30, 2004, a decrease of \$252,077. This decrease is primarily attributable to a decrease in non-cash amortization of deferred compensation and consulting fees, partially offset by increases of corporate expense, professional fees, payroll expenses, travel expense, consulting fees, office expenses and advertising and promotion.

Research and development expenses were \$190,637 for the three-month period ended June 30, 2005, compared to \$1,292,912 for the three-month period ended June 30, 2004, a decrease of \$1,102,275. This decrease is primarily attributable to a reduction of non-cash research expense, offset by increases in product testing and RAND research.

Research and development expenses were \$592,122 for the six-month period ended June 30, 2005, compared to \$1,402,719 for the six-month period ended June 30, 2004, a decrease of \$810,597. This decrease is primarily attributable to a reduction of non-cash research expense, partially offset by increases of RAND research and product research.

We expect our operating costs to increase during the balance of fiscal year 2005, primarily as a result of anticipated increases in research and development expenses, general and administrative expenses and marketing expenses as we approach production and sales activities during late 2005.

We had a net loss of \$774,517, or \$.02 per share, for the three-month period ended June 30, 2005, compared to a net loss of \$2,164,731, or \$.06 per share, for the three-month period ended June 30, 2004. We had a net loss of \$1,839,573, or \$.05 per share, for the six-month period ended June 30, 2005, compared to a net loss of \$2,900,757, or \$.08 per share, for the six-month period ended June 30, 2004. We have relied upon our 2004 Stock Option Plan to compensate consultants and employees who have assisted in developing and executing our business plan. This reliance, together with issuances of stock by us in connection with our ongoing private offering of stock and warrants, has significantly narrowed the loss per share by increasing the total number of the Company's outstanding common stock. See "Liquidity and Capital Resources" below. We expect to incur additional net loss in the fiscal year ending December 31, 2005, primarily attributable to continued general and administrative expenses and marketing-related expenditures, without the benefit of any revenue for most of the year.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

We have incurred negative cash flow from operations in the developmental stage since our inception in 1998. As of June 30, 2005 we had cash of \$211,985 and an accumulated deficit of \$18,970,460. Our negative operating cash flow since inception (October 2001) has been funded primarily through the sale of common stock and, to a lesser degree, by proceeds we received from the exercise of options and warrants.

The financial statements accompanying this report have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the settlement of liabilities and commitments in the normal course of our business. As reflected in the accompanying financial statements, we had a net loss of \$1,839,573 and a negative cash flow from operations of \$1,346,296 for the six-month period ended June 30, 2005, and had a working capital deficiency of \$1,478,618 and a stockholders' deficiency of \$2,464,766 as

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of June 30, 2005. These factors raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. Our ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on our ability to raise additional funds and implement our business plan. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary if we are unable to continue as a going concern.

From July 24, 2004 through July 22, 2005, we engaged in a private offering (the "Stock Offering") of units comprised of shares of our common stock and one-year warrants to purchase an equal number of shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.50 per share. The Stock Offering terminated on July 22, 2005. From April 1, 2005 through June 30, 2005, we received aggregate gross proceeds of \$761,000 and aggregate net proceeds of \$702,120 in connection with the sale of 761,000 shares of our common stock to 17 purchasers. The total amount raised during the Stock Offering was \$2,892,000 gross proceeds and \$2,677,440 net proceeds. See Notes 5 and 10 to Notes to Financial Statements and Part II, Item 2, "Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds".

As disclosed in our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 28, 2005, on July 25, 2005 we extended the expiration date of each of the warrants issued in the Stock Offering by 180 days from its original expiration date. No additional consideration was paid by the purchasers of the units for such extension.

Following the completion of the period covered by this report, we commenced a new offering (the "Interim Offering") of 9% convertible notes and warrants to the purchasers of the units in the Stock Offering and a limited number of individuals who are not "U.S. persons" as that term is defined in Rule 902 of Regulation S promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. We are relying on the Interim Offering to provide additional working capital for our needs for the next several months. We believe that, depending upon the success of the Interim Financing, we will have sufficient cash to fund our operations through the remainder of 2005. If we are not successful in raising sufficient cash in the Interim Financing, then we will need to raise additional capital or incur new debt to fund our operations.

We have also retained the services of an exclusive placement agent to work with us after the completion of the Interim Financing to provide additional capital that we need to continue to execute on our business plan. We believe that exercises of in-the-money options and warrants, with various expiration dates that have been extended into 2006, may also provide some of the proceeds needed to meet our capital requirements, together with sales of our securities in connection with the efforts of our placement agent.

However, there can be no assurance that additional equity or debt financing will be available or available on terms favorable to us. If we are unable to obtain additional capital, we may be required to delay, reduce the scope of, or eliminate, our research and development programs, reduce any marketing activities or relinquish rights to technologies that we might otherwise seek to develop or commercialize.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations is based upon our Financial Statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The preparation of these Financial Statements and related disclosures requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. We evaluate, on an on-going basis, our estimates and judgments, including those related to the useful life of the assets. We base our estimates on historical experience and assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The methods, estimates and judgments we use in applying our most critical accounting policies have a significant impact on the results that we report in our Financial Statements. The SEC considers an entity's most critical accounting policies to be those policies that are both most important to the portrayal of a company's financial condition and results of operations and those that require management's most

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difficult, subjective or complex judgments, often as a result of the need to make estimates about matters that are inherently uncertain at the time of estimation. We believe the following critical accounting policies, among others, require significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of our Financial Statements:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Certain significant estimates were made in connection with preparing our financial statements as described in Note 1 to Notes to Financial Statements. See Item 7, "Financial Statements". Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Stock-Based Compensation

We account for stock-based compensation to employees as defined by using the intrinsic-value method prescribed in Accounting Principles Board Opinion (APB) No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees."

We account for stock option and warrant grants issued to non-employees using the guidance of SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" and EITF No. 96-18: "Accounting for Equity Instruments that are Issued to Other Than Employees for Acquiring, or in Conjunction with Selling, Goods or Services," whereby the fair value of such option and warrant grants is determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model at the earlier of the date at which the non-employee's performance is completed or a performance commitment is reached.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In November 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 151, "Inventory Costs". This Statement amends the guidance in ARB No. 43 Chapter 4 Inventory Pricing, to require items such as idle facility costs, excessive spoilage, double freight and rehandling costs to be expensed in the current period, regardless if they are abnormal amounts or not. This Statement will become effective for us in the first quarter of 2006. The adoption of SFAS No. 151 is not expected to have a material impact on our financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows.

In December 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 123 (revised 2004), "Share-Based Payment" (SFAS 123R), which revises SFAS No. 123. SFAS 123R also supersedes APB No. 25 and amends SFAS No. 95, "Statement of Cash Flows". In general, the accounting required by SFAS 123R is similar to that of SFAS No. 123. However, SFAS No. 123 gave companies a choice to either recognize the fair value of stock options in their income statements or disclose the pro forma income statement effect of the fair value of stock options in the notes to the financial statements. SFAS 123R eliminates that choice and requires the fair value of all share-based payments to employees, including the fair value of grants of employee stock options, be recognized in the income statement, generally over the option vesting period. SFAS 123R must be adopted no later than July 1, 2005 (December 15, 2005 for small business filers). Early adoption is permitted.

The Company is currently evaluating the timing and manner in which it will adopt SFAS 123R. As permitted by SFAS 123, the Company currently accounts for share-based payments to employees using APB 25's intrinsic value method. Accordingly, adoption of SFAS 123R's fair value method will have an effect on results of operations, although it will have no impact on overall financial position. The impact of adoption of SFAS 123R cannot be predicted at this time because it will depend on levels of share-based payments granted in the future. However, had SFAS 123R been adopted in prior periods, the effect would have approximated the SFAS 123 pro forma net loss and loss per share disclosures as shown above. SFAS 123R also requires the benefits of tax deductions in excess of recognized compensation cost to be reported

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as a financing cash flow, rather than as an operating cash flow as currently required, thereby reducing net operating cash flows and increasing net financing cash flows in periods after adoption.

Item 3. Controls and Procedures

(a) *Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures:* Our management evaluated, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB. Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the Exchange Act)) are inadequate to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms. We are developing a plan to ensure that all information will be recorded, processed, summarized and reported on a timely basis. This plan is dependent, in part, upon reallocation of responsibilities among various personnel, possibly hiring additional personnel and additional funding. It should also be noted that the design of any system of controls is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions, regardless of how remote.

(b) *Changes in internal control over financial reporting:* There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

On December 19, 2001, the SEC filed civil charges in the United States Federal District Court, Southern District of New York, against us, our former President and then sole director Jeffrey A. Muller, and others, alleging that we and the other defendants were engaged in a fraudulent scheme to promote our stock. The SEC complaint alleged the existence of a promotional campaign using press releases, Internet postings, an elaborate website, and televised media events to disseminate false and materially misleading information as part of a fraudulent scheme to manipulate the market for stock in our corporation, which was then controlled by Mr. Muller. On March 22, 2002, we signed a Consent to Final Judgment of Permanent Injunction and Other Relief in settlement of this action as against the corporation only, which the court approved on July 2, 2002. Under this settlement, we were not required to admit fault and did not pay any fines or restitution. The SEC's charges of fraud and stock manipulation continue against Mr. Muller and others.

On July 2, 2002, after an investigation by our newly constituted board of directors, we filed a cross-complaint in the SEC action against Mr. Muller and others seeking injunctive relief, disgorgement of monies and stock and financial restitution for a variety of acts and omissions in connection with sales of our stock and other transactions occurring between 1998 and 2002. Among other things, we alleged that Mr. Muller and certain others sold Company stock without providing adequate consideration to us; sold insider shares without making proper disclosures and failed to make necessary filing required under federal securities laws; engaged in self-dealing and entered into various undisclosed related-party transactions; misappropriated for their own use proceeds from sales of our stock; and entered into various undisclosed arrangement regarding the control, voting and disposition of their stock. We contend that we are entitled to a judgment canceling all of the approximately 8,716,710 shares of our common stock that was previously obtained and controlled, directly or indirectly, by Mr. Muller; divesting and preventing any subsequent holders of the right to exercise options previously held by Mr. Muller for 10,000,000 shares of our common stock, conversion of an existing preliminary injunction to a permanent injunction to prevent Mr. Muller from any involvement with the Company and a monetary judgment against Mr. Muller and others in the amount of several million dollars.

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On July 30, 2002, the U.S. Federal District Court, Southern District of New York, granted our application for a preliminary injunction against Mr. Muller and others, which prevented Mr. Muller and other cross-defendants from selling, transferring, or encumbering any assets and property previously acquired from us, from selling or transferring any of our stock that they may own or control, or from taking any action to injure us or our business and from having any direct contact with our shareholders. The injunctive order also prevents Mr. Muller from engaging in any effort to exercise control over our corporation and from serving as an officer or director of our company. While we believe that we have valid claims, there can be no assurance that an adverse result or settlement would not have a material adverse effect on our financial position or cash flow.

In the course of the litigation, we have obtained ownership control over Mr. Muller's claimed patent rights to the ZEFS device. Under a Buy-Sell Agreement between Mr. Muller and dated December 29, 1998, Mr. Muller, who was listed on the ZEFS device patent application as the inventor of the ZEFS device, purported to grant us all international marketing, manufacturing and distribution rights to the ZEFS device. Those rights were disputed because an original inventor of the ZEFS device contested Mr. Muller's legal ability to have conveyed those rights.

In Australia, Mr. Muller entered into a bankruptcy action seeking to overcome our claims for ownership of the ZEFS device. In conjunction with these litigation proceedings, a settlement agreement was reached with the bankruptcy trustee whereby the \$10 per unit royalty previously due to Mr. Muller under his contested Buy-Sell Agreement was terminated and replaced with a \$.20 per unit royalty payable to the bankruptcy trustee. On November 7, 2002, under a settlement agreement executed with Mr. Muller's bankruptcy trustee, the trustee transferred to us all ownership and legal rights to this international patent application for the ZEFS device.

Both the SEC and we have filed Motions for Summary Judgment contending that there are no material issues of fact in contention and as a matter of law, the Court should grant a judgment against Mr. Muller and the cross-defendants. Mr. Muller has filed a response contending the motions are without merit or substance. A final decision on these motions, which potentially would terminate the ongoing litigation, is still pending. Should the Court not grant summary judgment in our favor, the case will be scheduled for final disposition in a trial.

Mr. Muller and several of the defendants filed a Motion to Dismiss the complaint filed by us and moved for summary judgment in their favor. On December 28, 2004, Judge George B. Daniels, denied the cross-defendants' motion to dismiss our cross-complaint, denied the defendants' request to vacate the July 2, 2002 preliminary injunction and denied their request for damages against us. The court also refused to grant a summary judgment in favor of the cross-defendants and dismissed Mr. Muller's claims against us for indemnification for his legal costs and for damages resulting from the litigation. Neither Mr. Muller nor any of the cross-defendants have filed any cross-claims against us and we are not exposed to any liability as a result of the litigation, except for possibly incurring legal fees and expenses should we lose the litigation.

Although the outcome of this litigation cannot be predicted with any degree of certainty, we are optimistic that the Court's ruling will either significantly narrow the issues for any later trial or will result in a final disposition of the case in a manner favorable to us. While we believe that we have valid claims, there can be no assurance that an adverse result or outcome on the pending motions or a trial of this case would not have a material adverse effect on our financial position or cash flow.

In April 2005, Jeffrey A. Muller, the Company's former sole director and executive officer, filed a lawsuit in the Federal District Court for the Central District of California, seeking declaratory and injunctive relief and alleging unfair competition in connection with a claimed prior patent interest in the ZEFS device and stock option rights. In seeking declaratory relief, Mr. Muller is seeking to have the patent rights in the ZEFS device that were previously transferred to us by Mr. Muller's bankruptcy trustee declared null and void.

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This recent lawsuit brought by Mr. Muller arises out of the same claims that are the subject of ongoing litigation in the Federal District Court for the Southern District of New York, in which we have previously obtained a preliminary injunction against Mr. Muller barring him from any involvement with the Company and preventing Mr. Muller, his agents or assigns, from exercising any claimed rights to our assets or stock. Mr. Muller previously filed the same complaint in the Federal District Court for the Southern District of New York, which claim is still pending. On December 28, 2004, Federal District Court Judge George B. Daniels issued a decision dismissing motions filed by Mr. Muller against our cross-claims. The dismissal of those motions involved similar causes of action as those contained in Mr. Muller's recent lawsuit commenced in the Federal District Court for the Central District of California. Since the case in New York is still pending, we believe that the filing of the new lawsuit in California is subject to various defenses which should result in the dismissal of the new lawsuit.

We have filed a Motion to Dismiss this new complaint or alternatively, to transfer this action to the Federal District Court in New York for disposition by the same Federal District Judge handling the New York litigation. While we believe that we have valid claims and defenses, there can be no assurance that an adverse result or outcome on the pending motions or a trial of this case would not have a material adverse effect on our financial position or cash flow.

We were named as a defendant in a complaint filed before the Los Angeles Superior Court, Civ. No. BC 312401, by Terracourt Pty Ltd, an Australian corporation ("Terracourt"), claiming breach of contract and related remedies from promises allegedly made by the former president of the Company in 1999. Terracourt sought specific performance of the former president's (Jeffrey Muller) alleged promises to transfer to Terracourt an aggregate 480,000 shares of our common stock for office consultant and multimedia services. The complaint was filed on March 18, 2004. Terracourt also filed a Statement of Damages seeking costs of the lawsuit and general damages of \$2 million. The case proceeded to trial in the Los Angeles Superior Court in May, 2005. In June, 2005, the Judge issued a statement of decision which denied Terracourt's claims for 450,000 shares of stock, monetary damages and costs of the lawsuit. The Court also ruled that Terracourt was entitled to receive an option exercisable for 30,000 shares of the Company's common stock, exercisable at \$.001 per share (par value). Both parties have filed motions for a new trial on the issue of the option. The Court is expected to rule on these motions on or before the end of September 2005.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

During the three-month period ended June 30, 2005, the Company sold an aggregate 761,000 shares of common stock and warrants to purchase 761,000 additional shares of common stock at \$1.00 per share, to certain investors in connection with the Company's Stock Offering. Gross proceeds to the Company in connection with these issuances were \$761,000 and net proceeds were \$702,120. Of this amount, 456,000 shares of common stock and warrants to purchase a similar number shares of common stock had not been issued as of June 30, 2005.

The issuances of shares and warrants described above were made in reliance on the exemptions from registration set forth in Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or Regulations D or S promulgated thereunder.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

We held our annual meeting of stockholders on May 24, 2005. At that meeting, our stockholders:

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1. Elected seven directors to serve until our 2006 annual meeting of stockholders or until his or her successor is duly elected and qualified:

<u>Name</u>	<u>For</u>	<u>Withheld</u>
Edward L. Masry	23,818,797	33,702
Eugene E. Eichler	23,815,297	37,202
Bruce H. McKinnon	23,815,697	36,802
Robert F. Sylk	23,819,197	33,302
John Brown	23,818,997	33,502
John F. Price	23,819,197	33,302
Joseph Helleis	23,818,997	33,502

2. Approved the amendment of the Save the World Air, Inc. 2004 Stock Option Plan:

Votes For	16,281,367
Votes Against	210,657
Abstentions	12,442
Broker Non-Votes	29,968

3. Ratified the appointment of Weinberg & Company, P.A., as our independent auditors for the current fiscal year:

Votes For	23,671,355
Votes Against	80,750
Abstentions	100,394
Broker Non-Votes	0

Item 5. Other Information

None

Item 6. Exhibits

<u>Exhibit No.</u>	<u>Description</u>
10.1	Consulting Agreement dated as of April 1, 2005 between the Company and John Bautista
10.2	Amendment dated as of April 1, 2005 to Consulting Agreement between the Company and Adrian Menzell (originally filed as Exhibit 10.20 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004)
10.3	Amendment dated as of April 1, 2005 to Consulting Agreement between the Company and Pat Baker (originally filed as Exhibit 10.21 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004)
10.4	Amendment dated as of April 1, 2005 to Consulting Agreement between the Company and John Kostic (originally filed as Exhibit 10.21 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004)
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer of Quarterly Report Pursuant to Rule 13(a)-15(e) or Rule 15(d)-15(e)
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer of Quarterly Report Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350

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<u>Exhibit No.</u>	<u>Description</u>
32	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of Quarterly Report pursuant to Rule 13(a)-15(e) or Rule 15(d)-15(e)

SIGNATURES

In accordance with Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, the Registrant has caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, hereunto duly authorized.

SAVE THE WORLD AIR, INC.

Date: August 18, 2005

By: /s/ EDWARD L. MASRY

Edward L. Masry
Chief Executive Officer

EXHIBIT INDEX

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Save the World Air, Inc.

CONSULTING AGREEMENT

This Consulting Agreement (“*Agreement*”) is made effective and entered into as of April 1, 2005, by and between **Save the World Air, Inc.**, a Nevada corporation (the “*Company*”), and **John Bautista** (“*Consultant*”), with reference to the following facts:

RECITALS

- A. The Company has developed proprietary technologies for reducing harmful emissions from fuel combustion engines and improving fuel efficiency, among other benefits and is currently in process of organizational development as it prepares to bring its products to market.
- B. The Company desires to engage the services of Consultant as an independent contractor to assist with organizational and administrative matters, as specified by the Company from time to time during its transitional period of development.
- C. Consultant has expertise in the area of the Company’s business requirements and desires to provide consulting services for the Company upon the terms and conditions contained herein.

NOW, THEREFORE, the Company and Consultant hereby mutually agree as follows:

Section 1. Scope of Services to be provided. Development of Company Policies and Procedures and such policies’ implementation and administration when deemed appropriate by the Company.

- (a) Consultant shall undertake and perform the tasks outlined in Section 1 and such additional or other responsibilities as may be reasonably assigned to Consultant from time to time by the Company’s Chief Executive Officer, President and Chief Operating Officer.
- (b) Consultant shall keep confidential any proprietary or confidential information of the Company, including without limitation all information that may constitute a trade secret or otherwise confer strategic or competitive advantages to the Company, by use of passwords, locked cabinets, identification of such information and materials as “*Confidential*” and other limits on access as may be customary or appropriate or set forth in Company policies.

Section 2. Non-Disclosure Obligations. Concurrently with the parties’ execution of this Agreement, Consultant shall execute and deliver to the Company the Confidentiality Agreement attached hereto as *Annex A* (the “*Confidentiality Agreement*”), the provisions of which are incorporated herein by this reference.

Section 3. Consultant's Representations and Covenants. Consultant represents, warrants and covenants to the Company that:

- (a) Consultant shall devote such time, energy, interest, ability, and skill as may be fairly and reasonably necessary to provide to the Company the services described in Section 1 above.
- (b) Consultant shall not, during the term of this Agreement, directly or indirectly, promote, participate, or engage in any business activity that would materially interfere with the performance of Consultant's duties under this Agreement or which is competitive with the Company's or any Company Affiliate's business, including, without limitation, any involvement as a shareholder, director, officer, employee, partner, joint venturer, consultant, advisor, individual proprietor, lender, or agent of any business, without the prior written consent of the Company. The term "*Affiliate*" shall mean, with respect to any person or entity, any other person or entity which, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, is in control of, is controlled by or is under common control with, such person or entity. "*Control of*," "*controlled by*" and "*under common control with*" mean the possession, directly or indirectly, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management policies of a person or entity, by contract or credit arrangement, as trustee or executor, or otherwise. The term "*Affiliate*" includes, but is not limited to, each and every subsidiary of the Company.
- (c) During the term of this Agreement and for a period of one year after the termination of this Agreement, Consultant shall not solicit, attempt to solicit, or cause to be solicited any customers of the Company for purposes of promoting or selling products or services which are competitive with those of the Company, nor shall Consultant solicit, attempt to solicit, or cause to be solicited any employees, agents, or other independent contractors of the Company to cease their relationship with the Company.
- (d) Consultant does not have any agreements with or commitments to any other person or entity which conflict with any of Consultant's obligations to the Company arising under this Agreement.
- (e) Consultant shall maintain any and all licenses and permits as may be required for Consultant to provide the consulting services contemplated hereby. In the event Consultant shall utilize the services or shall acquire any products in order to render the consulting services contemplated hereby, Consultant shall be solely responsible for the payment for such services and products, except to the extent reimbursable by the Company. Consultant shall be solely responsible for any and all income and other taxes that may be due to any state, local or federal governmental authorities in respect of the compensation to Consultant pursuant to this Agreement. Consultant acknowledges that the Company shall not make any withholdings from payments to Consultant hereunder.

Save the World Air, Inc.

- (f) Except upon the express written consent of the Company, Consultant shall have no authority, and shall not represent, suggest or imply that Consultant has the authority, express or implied: (1) to bind the Company to any agreements or arrangements, written or oral; (2) to make an offer or accept an offer on behalf of the Company; or (3) to make representations, warranties, guaranties, commitments or covenants on behalf of Company.

Section 4. Ownership.

- (a) The compensation payments set forth herein shall be full and complete compensation both for all obligations assumed by Consultant hereunder and for any and all Creations (as defined in the Confidentiality Agreement) assigned under this Agreement.
- (b) The Company shall retain the exclusive right to use or distribute, at its sole discretion, any and all Creations. Consultant shall make no claim on any consideration received by the Company for the sale, lease or use of the Creations.

Section 5. Term. This Agreement shall terminate on December 31, 2005, unless earlier terminated in accordance with this Section 5. In addition, this Agreement shall terminate automatically upon the death of Consultant, or the mental or physical incapacity of Consultant for a period of 60 consecutive days. Either party hereto may terminate this Agreement upon a material breach of this Agreement by the other party; and the Company may terminate this Agreement upon a material breach of the Confidentiality Agreement by Consultant.

Section 6. Compensation. Consultant's compensation for his services hereunder shall, in parts, be in form of an Equity Incentive Monetary Compensation. Subject to compliance with applicable securities laws, the Company shall issue to Consultant a Common Stock award for an aggregate of 25,000 shares of Company common stock for an option price of \$1.00 per share. In addition, Consultant shall receive monetary compensation from time to time for amounts and on terms as mutually agreed to between the Company and Consultant.

Section 7. Reimbursement of Business Expenses. To the extent Consultant is authorized by the Company to make expenditures to carry out Consultant's duties hereunder, the Company shall reimburse Consultant for the actual costs thereof, subject to receipt of such documentation and other information as the Company may reasonably request or require in accordance with its policies, and subject further to any limitations on the amount that Consultant may be authorized to incur in making expenditures on the Company's behalf. Reimbursement for each qualifying expense shall be made upon the presentation of a receipt by Consultant of such expense item and any and all

Save the World Air, Inc.

other documentation which the Company may reasonably require regarding the expense item submitted to Company.

- Section 8. Independent Contractor.* Consultant shall be retained by the Company only for the purposes and to the extent set forth in this Agreement, and his relation to the Company, during the term of this Agreement, shall be that of an independent contractor. Consultant shall not be considered as having an employee status.
- Section 9. Injunctive Relief.* Remedies at law shall be deemed to be inadequate for any breach of any of the covenants of this Agreement, and the Company shall be entitled to injunctive relief in addition to any other remedies it may have in the event of such breach.
- Section 10. Amendments; Consents.* No amendment, modification, supplement, termination, or waiver of any provision in this Agreement, and no consent to any departure therefrom, shall be effective unless in writing and signed by both Consultant and the Company and then only in the specific instance and for the specific purpose given.
- Section 11. Notices.* Any notices required or permitted to be given in writing will be deemed received when personally delivered or, if earlier, ten (10) days after mailing by registered or certified United States mail, postage prepaid, and return receipt requested. Notice to the Company is valid if sent to the Company's principal place of business and notice to Consultant is valid if sent to Consultant at Consultant's address as it appears in the Company's records. The Company or Consultant may change their address only by notice given to the other in the manner set forth herein.
- Section 12. Counterparts; Facsimile Signatures.* This Agreement may be executed in two or more counterparts, and the counterparts, taken together, shall constitute one original. Executed copies of this Agreement and any amendments or modifications thereto may be delivered by facsimile transmission in lieu of an original.
- Section 13. Binding Effect; Assignment.* This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of Consultant and the Company and their respective permitted successors and assigns. This Agreement, including the rights and obligations hereunder, shall not be assigned, delegated or transferred by Consultant without the prior written consent of the Company.
- Section 14. Integration; Construction.* This Agreement (together with the appendices thereof) shall comprise the complete and integrated agreement of the Company and Consultant and shall supersede all prior agreements, written or oral, on the subject matter hereof. Neither party hereto shall have a provision construed against it by reason of such party having drafted the same.

Save the World Air, Inc.

- Section 15. Survival.* The rights and obligations provided in Section 3 (b), Section 4, Section 6, Section 9, Section 13 and Section 19 shall survive termination of this Agreement.
- Section 16. Governing Law.* This Agreement shall be governed by, and construed and enforced in accordance with, the laws of the State of California.
- Section 17. Severability of Provisions.* Any provision in this Agreement that is held to be inoperative, unenforceable, or invalid in any jurisdiction shall be, as to that jurisdiction only, inoperative, unenforceable, or invalid without affecting the remaining provisions in that jurisdiction or the operation, enforceability, or validity of those provisions in any other jurisdiction, and to this end the provisions of this Agreement shall be severable.
- Section 18. Headings.* Headings of this Agreement are included for convenience only and shall not be considered a part of this Agreement for any other purpose.
- Section 19. Attorneys' Fees.* In the event of any litigation or other dispute arising as a result of or by reason of this Agreement, the prevailing party in any such litigation or other dispute shall be entitled to, in addition to any other damages assessed, its reasonable attorneys' fees, and all other costs and expenses incurred in connection with settling or resolving such dispute. The attorneys' fees which the prevailing party is entitled to recover shall include fees for prosecuting or defending any appeal and shall be awarded for any supplemental proceedings until the final judgment is satisfied in full. In addition to the foregoing award of attorneys' fees to the prevailing party, the prevailing party in any lawsuit on this Agreement shall be entitled to its reasonable attorneys' fees incurred in any post judgment proceedings to collect or enforce the judgment. This attorneys' fees provision is separate and several and shall survive the merger of this Agreement into any judgment.
- Section 20. Waiver; Rights and Remedies.* Neither Consultant's nor the Company's failure to exercise any right under this Agreement shall constitute a waiver of any other term or condition of this Agreement with respect to any other preceding, concurrent, or subsequent breach, nor shall it constitute a waiver by the Company or Consultant of its rights at any time thereafter to require exact and strict compliance with any of the terms of this Agreement. The rights and remedies set forth in this Agreement shall be in addition to any other rights or remedies which may be granted by law.

[Signature page follows]

AMENDMENT TO:

CONSULTING AGREEMENT (“*Agreement*”) entered into as of April 1, 2003 by and between **Save the World Air, Inc.**, a Nevada corporation (the “*Company*”), and Pat Baker (“*Consultant*”). This **Amendment** (“*Amendment*”) is in accordance with guidelines contained in **Section 11. “Amendments; Consents”** of said “*Agreement*.”

Section 5. *Term of said Agreement is herewith amended as follows:*

This Agreement shall terminate on December 31, 2006, unless earlier terminated in accordance with this Section 5. In addition, this Agreement shall terminate automatically upon the death of Consultant, or the mental or physical incapacity of Consultant for a period of 60 consecutive days. Either party hereto may terminate this Agreement upon material breach of this Agreement by the other party; and the Company may terminate this Agreement upon a material breach of the Confidentiality Agreement by Consultant.

All other terms and condition of said Agreement, including those contained on: ANNEX A-“CONSULTANT’S DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES;” ANNEX B “CONFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENT” and ANNEX C-“CONSULTANT’S COMPENSATION” shall remain in full force and effect.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed or caused their respective duly authorized officer to execute this Amendment as of April 1, 2005. The Amendment is to be attached and considered a part of said Agreement.

CONSULTANT

By /s/ Pat Baker
Name: Pat Baker

SAVE THE WORLD AIR, INC.

By /s/ Eugene E. Eichler
Name: Eugene E. Eichler
Title: President

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER
PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002
AND RULES 13A-14 AND 15D-14 UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

I, Edward L. Masry, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB of Save the World Air, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (c) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 18, 2005

/s/ EDWARD L. MASRY

Edward L. Masry
Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002
AND RULES 13A-14 AND 15D-14 UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

I, Eugene E. Eichler, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB of Save the World Air, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (c) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 18, 2005

/s/ EUGENE E. EICHLER

Eugene E. Eichler
Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION OF PERIODIC FINANCIAL REPORT BY THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER
AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE
SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

Solely for the purposes of complying with 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, we, the undersigned Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of Save the World Air, Inc. (the "Company"), hereby certify, based on our knowledge, that the Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB of the Company for the quarter ended June 30, 2005 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 18, 2005

/s/ EDWARD L. MASRY

Edward L. Masry
Chief Executive Officer

Date: August 18, 2005

/s/ EUGENE E. EICHLER

Eugene E. Eichler
Chief Financial Officer